**First time dialog**

U: Hello! Can you move over? I must live the bus on next bus stop.

I: Me too.

U: Are you go to university?

I: Yes? I am. What course are you from?

U: From first course. From BVT2351. And you?

I: Me too. My name is Igor. Whats your Base?

U: My name is Uriy. Where are you coming from?

I: From district Kotlovka. I've been living here not so long. And you?

U: From Vikhino. Where is Kotlovka?

I: It is a gray line of Moscow underground, south part.

U: I am go it. Are you work anyway?

I: Yes, i work in technical support of telecommunication company.

U: Did you study for this job?

I: I learnot on the job.

U: Wau! I learnet 4 years on the Moscow College of space instrumental building. And it with honours.

I: Wau. Like me! Why you chose this University?

U: Because cost of education is low, but they teach well. I spand one hour on the road

I: Me too, nice to meet you.

**Homework**

**56, 59, Unit 9 - 12(стр 41) 60, 64 (стр 44. Просто прочитать и попробовать перевести) и сделать упр 65 (там уже писать предложения), 72, 81, 82, 180 (максимально упростить текст так, чтобы его выучить и пересказать). Можно еще про свой колледж кратко рассказать.**

**№56**

(to) cost, cost, costing,

(to) hang, hung, hung,

(to) think, though, thought,

(to) eat, ate, eaten,

(to) come, came, come,

(to) fall, fell, fallen,

(to) feel, falt, falt,

(to) lose, lost, lost,

(to) ring, rung

(to) built, built.

**№59**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **I** | **II** | **III** | **IV** |
| Bend | Bent | Bent | bending |
| lean | Leant | Leant | leaning |
| hide | hid | hidden | hiding |
| lead | led | led | leading |
| Hold | Held | lend | holding |
| Mistake | Mistook | mistaken | mistaking |
| Found | Founded | founded | founding |
| chose | chose | Chosen | choosing |
| Freeze | Froze | Frozen | freezing |

**№60**

1. The new computer program **has** a variety of helpful applications.

2. The new machine **proceeds** 50 percent more than the previous machine.

3. When the temperature **rises** the metal expands.

4. The broken contact **causes** the heater to be switched on and so the cycle **starts** again.

5. Shape memory alloys **provide** many applications.

6. Silicon **is** the most common element on this planet.

7. A transistor **consists of** of two types of silicon.

**№64**

1. What is the Mason-Dixon line?

2. Who is Charles Mason?

3. Who is Jeremiah Dixon?

4. In what year did the Mason-Dixon line appear?

5. Which states are separated by the Mason-Dixon line?

6. Did the Mason-Dixon line appear before, during, or after the Civil War?

7. What line do Americans often consider the Mason-Dixon Line?

8. What resulted in the Mason-Dixon Line?

9. What was the Mason-Dixon line made of in 1767?

10. As a result of the border dispute between which states did the Mason-Dixon line appear?

**№65**

1. The best title for this text is “The History of the Mason-Dixon Line”. **This is exactly the story because the text tells not only about the meaning of this line, but also about the history of its origin;**
2. Before the Civil War Pennsylvania was a non-slave state. **This can be understood from sentences 1 and 2, which say that the line was on the southern part of Pennsylvania and separated it from the slaveholders**;
3. The Mason-Dixon Line appeared because of disagreement about borders. **This can be understood from proposition 1, which states that this line separates the states**;
4. The word survey“ means map out. **This can be understood from the penultimate sentence, which says that two scientists examined this place**;
5. They marked the Mason-Dixon Line with pieces of rock. **This can be understood from the last sentence**.

**№72**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Regular activity | Activity at a certain moment or period of time | Activity finished by the moment of speech |
| Are living | Help | Has influenced |
| Live | Means | Worked were |
| Helps | Get | Have played |
| Is | smoke |  |
| Have | drink |  |
| will | Have been proven |  |
| help | are |  |
| remain | getting |  |
| will | Are changing |  |
| continue | Are smoking |  |
|  | drinking |  |
|  | used |  |
|  | Are holding |  |
|  | mean |  |

**№81**

1. How long has Pierre Curie been working at the Sorbonne?
2. Since when did Pierre Curie become a professor of general physics?

**№82**

1. By this time next year you will have graduated from the University.  
2. All last week he was preparing for the examinations.  
3. That man has been teaching at the University since 1985.  
4. Water changes into ice when the temperature drops below zero.  
5. Kindly repeat what you have just said.  
6. I only succeeded in solving the problem after I had been working on it for several hours.  
7. He reminded me that we had been classmates at school.  
8. I heard that you had given up the idea of learning English.  
9. By the time he was thirty he had become a good engineer.  
10. My friend went to Moscow last summer and he has been working there since then.  
11. When I get back they probably will be working at the computer.  
12. When I went to the library the next day I found the book exactly where I had left it.

13. I'm sure that they will complete their work by May.

14, At this time tomorrow you will take your exam ,

15, She will return from the library at 6 o'clock.

16. I do not work at 8 o'clock, I (to finish) my work by that time.

17. At what time you will finish you work?

18, What should you do at 8 o'clock? I should work on my report.

19, Does he speak French? - Yes, he speaks French quite fluently.

20. Don't go into the classroom. The students are writing a test there.

21. The man who stand at the window in our English teacher.

22. Where is Peter? - He has his English lesson. I think that he

always has it at this hour.